### Source Water Assessment

n assessment of the City's Adrinking water sources

(562) 866-9771, extension 2700.

City of Lakewood

**Quality First** 

water users.

Presented By

nce again, we are pleased to present our annual

water quality report. As in years past, we are committed to delivering the best-quality drinking water

possible. To that end, we remain vigilant in meeting the

challenges of new regulations, source water protection,

water conservation, and community outreach and

education while continuing to serve the needs of all our

We encourage you to share your thoughts with us on

the information contained in this report. For more

information about this report, or for any questions

relating to your drinking water, please contact us at



Lead in Home Plumbing

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PERFORMED IN 2017

**IVINNV** 

WATER TESTING

Mahalaga ang impormasyong ito. Mangyaring

pasalin ito.

Este informe contiene información muy importante sobre su agua potable. Tradúzcalo o hable con alguien que lo entienda bien.

f present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials

and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. We are responsible for providing high-quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours,

you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. (If you do so, you may wish to collect the flushed water and reuse it for another beneficial purpose, such as watering plants.) If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking

Water treatment is a complex, time-consuming process.

businesses west of the San Gabriel River. Golden State Water Company (GSWC) - an investor-owned water utility serves the area east of the river. For information on Golden State's Water Quality Report, call (800) 999-4033, or visit https://www.gswater.com.

Highlights of Lakewood's water system include:

- One hundred percent ground water produced from 10 deep ground water wells.
- · Approximately 180 miles of water mains ranging from 4 to 27 inches in diameter.
- Three water storage facilities holding approximately 13 million gallons.

Where Does My Water Come From? Your tap water comes from local, deep ground water wells that supply our service area. The City of Lakewood is

responsible for providing water services for residents and

Substances That Could Be in Water

from the presence of animals or from human activity. radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, the surface of the land or through the ground, it ponds, reservoirs, and springs. As water travels over bottled water) include wells, rivers, lakes, streams, The sources of drinking water (both tap water and

risk. does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts health. Drinking water, including bottled water, may bottled water that provide the same protection for public California law also establish limits for contaminants in The U.S. Food and Drug Administration regulations and contaminants in water provided by public water systems. prescribe regulations that limit the amount of certain State Water Resources Control Board (State Board) Environmental Protection Agency (U.S. EPA) and the To ensure that tap water is safe to drink, the U.S.

:əpnpui Contaminants that may be present in source water

systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic Microbial Contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria,

discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; stormwater runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater can be naturally occurring or can result from urban Inorganic Contaminants, such as salts and metals, that

sad residential uses; of sources such as agriculture, urban stormwater runoff, Pesticides and Herbicides, that may come from a variety

runoff, agricultural applications, and septic systems; and which can also come from gas stations, urban stormwater of industrial processes and petroleum production, and and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products Organic Chemical Contaminants, including synthetic

and mining activities. occurring or can be the result of oil and gas production Radioactive Contaminants, that can be naturally

Safe Drinking Water Hotline at (800) 426-4791. health effects can be obtained by calling the U.S. EPA's More information about contaminants and potential

City of Lakewood 5050 Clark Avenue Lakewood, CA 90712

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was completed in 2003 and 2006. These studies examined the potential vulnerability of each well to contaminants that could enter the water supply. Our ground water supply is considered most vulnerable to the following activities: gas stations and repair shops, historic gas station locations, storage tanks, dry cleaners, and National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System/ Waste Discharge Requirement permitted discharges. A copy of the complete assessment is available at the Lakewood City Clerk's Office at 5050 Clark Avenue. You may request a summary of the assessment by contacting the Lakewood Department of Water Resources at (562) 866-9771, extension 2700, during regular office hours.

### Water Hotline 1-800-426-4791 or at www.epa.gov/lead.

## Information on the Internet

The U.S. EPA (https://www.epa.gov) and the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (www.cdc.gov) web sites provide a substantial amount of information on many issues relating to water resources, water conservation, and public health. Also, the State Water Resources Control Board has a web site (https://www.waterboards.ca.gov) that provides complete and current information on water issues in California, including valuable information about our watershed.

- A 2,500 gallon-per-minute water treatment facility.
- A standby connection to Metropolitan Water District of Southern California imported supplies.
- Four emergency interconnections with the City of Long Beach, Golden State Water Company, the City of Cerritos, and the City of Signal Hill.
- Providing more than 2.5 billion gallons of water annually to more than 60,000 residents, commercial, and industrial customers via 20,000+ meter connections.
- More than 6% of water supply is recycled water used for irrigation at 41 sites.

#### Water Purveyors in Lakewood

**City of Lakewood** 

Department of Water Resources

## **Important Health Information**

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immunocompromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants may be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. The U.S. EPA/CDC (Centers for Disease Control and Prevention) guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline at (800) 426-4791 or http://water. epa.gov/drink/hotline.

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		TYPICAL SOURCE		ОЧАЯ ВИАЯ ВИ-МОЛ ЗЭАЯЗVA		SUBSTRNCE (UNIT OF MEASURE)		
					NCES	<b>AT28US</b>	<b>DOTHER</b>	UNREGULATED AN
Runoff/leaching from natural deposits		٥N	044-081	697	SN	1,000	(mqq) ebilos bovloesia (ppm)	
Runoff/leaching from natural deposits; industrial wastes		٥N	17-90	IÞ	SN	005		Sulfate (ppm)
Substances that form ions when in water; seawater influence		٥N	029-008	544	SN	1'600	Specific Conductance (µS/cm)	
Runoff/leaching from natural deposits; seawater influence		٥N	9 <del>1/</del> -/	12	SN	005	(mqq) <b>Shioride</b>	
ATION TYPICAL SOURCE		ΝΟΙΤΑΙΟΙΛ	RANGE	<b>JDA93VA</b>	(WCre) bhe	SMCL	SUBSTRNCE (UNIT OF MEASURE)	
SECONDARY SUBSTANCES								
Internal corrosion of household water plumbing systems; discharges from industrial manufacturers; erosion of natural deposits			٥ <sub>N</sub>	I€/0	5.3	ĩ	Z'0 SI	Lead (ppb)

# 

Ачепие, Lakewood. p.m. at City Hall, 5050 Clark each month beginning at 7:30 the 2nd and 4th Tuesdays of drinking water. We meet your concerns about your Council Meetings to voice Vou are invited to participate in our City

## Failure in Flint

Erosion of natural deposits

Hydrogen ion concentration

Naturally occurring calcium

Naturally occurring calcium

Runoff or leaching from natural deposits

Abundant naturally occurring element

Abundant naturally occurring element

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mind. But is corrosive water bad? corrosive; images of corroded batteries and warning labels on bottles of acids come to deal of confusion and consternation. The water there has been described as being The national news coverage of water conditions in Flint, Michigan, has created a great

plumbing much more rapidly than water with low corrosivity. will be somewhat affected over time by the water it carries, corrosive water will damage the lower the pH, the more acidic, or corrosive, the water becomes. While all plumbing contributing factors but, generally speaking, corrosive water has a pH of less than 7; (iron, lead, copper, etc.) from metallic plumbing at an excessive rate. There are a tew Corrosive water can be defined as a condition of water quality that will dissolve metals

metals increases adverse health risks. in drinking water to elevated levels of the dissolved typical lake or river. What is of concern is that exposure glass of orange juice is considerably more corrosive than the By itself, corrosive water is not a health concern; your morning

happened in Flint never happens here. routinely monitor our water to make sure that what from reaching corrosive levels. Rest assured that we their water at optimal conditions to prevent it Public water systems are required to maintain

### Water Conservation

ste a tew tips: looking for ways to use less whenever you can. It is not hard to conserve water. Here You can play a role in conserving water and saving yourself money in the process

dishes are loaded. So get a run for your money and load it to capacity. • Automatic dishwashers use 15 gallons for every cycle, regardless of how many

Turn off the tap when brushing your teeth.

gallons a day. Fix it and you can save almost 6,000 gallons per year. • Check every faucet in your home for leaks. Just a slow drip can waste 15 to 20

and you save more than 30,000 gallons a year. uncommon to lose up to 100 gallons a day from an invisible toilet leak. Fix it tank. Watch for a few minutes to see if the color shows up in the bowl. It is not · Check your toilets for leaks by putting a few drops of food coloring in the

you have a leak. using appliances. Then check the meter after 15 minutes. If it showed water use, • Use your water meter to detect hidden leaks. Simply turn off all taps and water

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PH, Laboratory (Units)

Hardness in Grains (grains/gal)

vour hands. The solutions to these problems may be in odors or tastes, and a reduced flow of water. faucet stains, a buildup of particles, unusual drinking water are discolored water, sink or or sink is affecting the quality of your he most common signs that your faucet

### Kitchen Sink and Drain

regularly. Also, flush regularly with hot water. Disinfect and clean the sink and drain area sink area and faucet, causing a rotten egg odor. slime growth) can grow and contaminate the which bacteria (i.e., pink and black-colored lead to unclean sinks and backed up water in contaminate your sink. Clogged drains can handling of raw meats and vegetables can Hand washing, soap scum buildup, and the

#### Faucets, Screens, and Aerators

a regular basis. Clean and disinfect the aerators or screens on resulting in a decreased flow from the faucet. can collect particles like sediment and minerals which are located on the tip of faucets, and accumulate on the faucet screen and aerator, Chemicals and bacteria can splash and

levels for the hot water system. softening to reduce the calcium carbonate Clean these fixtures with vinegar or use water water with high levels of calcium carbonate. shower heads may be caused by hard water or White scaling or hard deposits on faucets and faucet gasket with a higher-quality product. oily slime. If you find this slime, replace the Faucet gaskets can break down and cause black, of plastic from the hot water heater dip tube. in the faucet screen as they could be pieces Check with your plumber if you find particles

#### Water Filtration/Treatment Devices

(Remember to replace your refrigerator filter!) so regular filter replacement is important. system can also become clogged over time on the filters or in the treatment system. The A smell of rotten eggs can be a sign of bacteria



#### liter). per billion parts water (or micrograms per ppb (parts per billion): One part substance

there is no known or expected risk to health. PHGs are set by the California EPA.

contaminant in drinking water below which PHG (Public Health Goal): The level of a

their monitoring and reporting requirements,

contaminants that affect health along with

and water treatment requirements.

Standard): MCLs and MRDLs for

PDWS (Primary Drinking Water

viorence was not found by laboratory ND (Not detected): Indicates that the

to control microbial contaminants. reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not disinfectant below which there is no known Level Goal): The level of a drinking water MRDLG (Maximum Residual Disinfectant

disinfectant is necessary for control of convincing evidence that addition of a allowed in drinking water. There is Level): The highest level of a disinfectant MRDL (Maximum Residual Disinfectant

NS: No standard

sldssilqqs toN :AN

microbial contaminants.

are set by the U.S. EPA.

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milligrams per liter). substance per million parts water (or ppm (parts per million): One part

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on a regular basis include: physics. Some of the tasks they complete mathematics, biology, chemistry, and a wide range of subjects, including professionals have an understanding of fully qualified. Our licensed water on-the-job training before becoming required to commit to long-term, operators must be licensed and are laws, water treatment plant and system highly regulated by state and federal through pipes. Because tap water is far more than just pushing water water to our customers involves elivering high-quality drinking

:TOTEW Ainpment to purify and clarify Perating and maintaining

- operating conditions; machinery, meters, gauges, and Monitoring and gnitosqeni
- on water and evaluating the results; Conducting tests and inspections
- results and system operations to • Documenting and reporting test
- outreach. customer support, education, and · Serving our community through regulatory agencies; and

who stand behind each drop. faucet, think of the skilled professionals So, the next time you turn on your

## **est Results**

once per year because the concentrations of these substances do not change frequently. In these cases, the most recent sample data are included. our goal is to keep all detects below their respective maximum allowed levels. The State recommends monitoring for certain substances less than those substances that were detected in 2017. Remember that detecting a substance does not necessarily mean the water is unsafe to drink; ur water is monitored for many different kinds of substances on a very strict sampling schedule. The information in the data tables shows only

#### eaching from wood preservatives Internal corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; Copper (ppm) oN 16/0 £.0 £.1 £.0 VIOLATION TYPICAL SOURCE SITES (90TH%TILE) (UNIT OF MEASURE) (WCLG) ٦A SUBSTANCE **JATOT\JA** DETECTED DHG **BVOBA SETIS** TNUOMA Tap water samples were collected for lead and copper analyses from sample sites throughout the community (dqq) [eMHTT] Total Trihalomethanes By-product of drinking water disinfection 50-49 ٥N L7 ΨN 08 sewage; erosion of natural deposits (mqq) [negorin as litrogen] (ppm) Runoff and leaching from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks and ٥N 6.1-**UN ₽.0** 10 10 By-product of drinking water disinfection (dqq) [aAAB] (ppb) ٥N 09 £.8-UN 2.2 ΨN discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories Erosion of natural deposits; water additive that promotes strong teeth; (mqq) sbiroulT ٥N **4.0-2.0** £.0 I 0.2 C[7]] C[7]] Drinking water disinfectant added for treatment (mqq) sniroldD ٥N 8.0-4.0 9.0 ss) 0.₽] ss) 0.4] production wastes Erosion of natural deposits; runoff from orchards; glass and electronics ٥N 8-6 **400.0** 01 (dqq) **sinserA** нэін-мот AVERAGE VIOLATION TYPICAL SOURCE [พยาต] [שניםר] (JUNIT OF MEASURE) RANGE (WCLG) SUBSTANCE MCL **RECULATED SUBSTANCES**

# conductivity of a solution. A unit expressing the amount of electrical uS/cm (microsiemens per centimeter):

requirements that a water system must follow.

if exceeded, triggers treatment or other

concentration of a contaminant which,

AL (Regulatory Action Level): The

Definitions

compound per gallon of water. frains/gal (grains per gallon): Grains of

highest LRAAs. for TTHMs and HAAs are reported as the calendar quarters. Amount Detected values monitoring location during the previous four results for samples taken at a particular Average): The average of sample analytical LRAA (Locational Running Annual

#### MCL (Maximum Contaminant Level):

the odor, taste and appearance of drinking Secondary MCLs (SMCLs) are set to protect is economically and technologically feasible. are set as close to the PHGs (or MCLGs) as allowed in drinking water. Primary MCLs The highest level of a contaminant that is

MCLG (Maximum Contaminant Level

known or expected risk to health. MCLGs drinking water below which there is no Goal): The level of a contaminant in